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Southeast Florida  
Area Contingency Plan  
(SEFL ACP)

Public Health and Safety: Environmental  
Health Support Guidance

Annex 5  
May 2022

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**Record of Changes**

<b>Change Number</b>	<b>Change Description</b>	<b>Section Number</b>	<b>Change Date</b>	<b>Name</b>
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### 1000 Introduction

When a disaster event occurs within the environment, to include a significant oil discharge, chemical/hazardous substance release, explosion or fire that impacts the health of the community or has the potential to impact the health of the community from contaminants, it is critical that Unified Command identify and incorporate the local health authority within the command structure.

In most States, the public health authority is the State Health Department or its designee. Unique to coastal Regional Response Team 4, Florida is identified as a “home rule” state, meaning, the local health authority is the lead during a response event. The local health authority has the ability to invite the State Health Authority and/or Federal Health Agencies for support. As such, it’s important to identify the “local health authority” that’s responsible for providing environmental health support to the impacted citizens in their tribal community, parish, county, or city. As previously mentioned, each State has a designated “State Health Authority” that can also play a vital role in environmental health support to its citizens. In order to involve the State Health Authority in an incident in a “home rule” state, the local health authority *must* request assistance from the State Health Authority. This invitation to include the State Health Authority may or may not occur depending on the size and scope of the incident.

During the initial emergency phase of a pollution incident, the Federal On-Scene Coordinator (FOSC) or designated representative should contact the [Poison Control Center at 800-222-1222](tel:800-222-1222) to discuss/receive initial environmental health support. The FOSC should provide the Poison Control Center (PCC) with any information related to the event (hazard information, product spilled, quantity spilled, Safety Data Sheet, certificate of analysis, impacted media, location of event, occupational impacts, community impacts). When the PCC is actively engaged, they can produce a Situation Report on calls received and guidance to the community to include hospitals, the media, clinicians and health authorities. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recognizes the Poison Control Centers as a public health authority. **Note:** 911 call centers transfer any environmental health calls directly to the Poison Control Center.

Please see below links to local and state health authorities for FL.

- ) **Link to local health authorities for Florida:** <https://www.naccho.org/membership/lhd-directory?searchType=standard&lhd-state=FL#card-filter>
- ) **State health authority for Florida:** <http://www.floridahealth.gov/>

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) headquarters are in Atlanta, GA. The two Centers within the CDC that would be most closely involved in oil pollution events would be the National Center for Environmental Health (NCEH) and the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH). NIOSH may also become involved in an incident at the request of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

## Southeast Florida Area Contingency Plan

The ATSDR has Regional Offices located within each of the 10 EPA Regional Offices. Staffing consists of a Regional Director and several Regional Representatives. The ATSDR is the lead federal health agency for chemical spills. The ATSDR can provide consultation to the FOSC (EPA/U.S. Coast Guard) on-site, by phone or through email. Because the ATSDR has relationships with the State Health Departments, they can support inclusion within Unified Command. The ATSDR can provide technical review of data and coordination and collaboration with both the State health agencies and local health authority. The ATSDR can also directly collaborate with the Poison Control Centers.

Both CDC and ATSDR can coordinate with other federal health agencies mentioned in the National Contingency Plan (40 CFR 300.175) as necessary. Both agencies can provide environmental health support to the FOSC during an emergency response incident to include:

- 1) Technical assistance in the environmental health and toxicology areas of the response and recovery phase of the incident
- 2) Analysis/evaluation of the human health implications of environmental data
- 3) Public Health Messaging
- 4) Coordination with Poison Control Centers
- 5) Coordination with State, Local, Territorial, and Tribal (SLTT) public health authorities
- 6) Information for healthcare providers on the substances involved
- 7) Assistance with response worker health and safety issues
- 8) In person press conference support

Specific ATSDR expertise can be found at:

- ) American College of Medical Toxicology Consultation Services: Directory of Inpatient Medical Toxicology Services:  
[http://www.acmt.net/Directory\\_of\\_Inpatient\\_Medical\\_Toxicology\\_Services.html](http://www.acmt.net/Directory_of_Inpatient_Medical_Toxicology_Services.html)
- ) American College of Medical Toxicology Consultation Services: Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry Consultation Network:  
[http://acmt.net/ATSDR\\_Consultation\\_Network.html](http://acmt.net/ATSDR_Consultation_Network.html)
- ) ATSDR Medical Management Guidelines:  
<http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/MMG/index.asp>
- ) ATSDR's Toxicology FAQs for Chemical Agents  
<http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/toxfaqs/index.asp>

## 2000 Notifications

- ) Primary / Initial: Poison Control Center at 800-222-1222|
- ) Florida Department of Environmental Protection:  
[https://floridadep.gov/dleer/oer/content/emergency-contact-numbers|](https://floridadep.gov/dleer/oer/content/emergency-contact-numbers)
- ) Florida State Warning Point 1-800-320-0519 / 850-815-4001|
- ) Florida Department of Environmental Protection, Office of Emergency Response (Tampa) – 813-470-5700 / 5920|

## 3000 Federal support under the NCP

The CDC Emergency Operations Center is staffed 24/7 and can be reached at:

770-488-7100 or Email: [eocreport@cdc.gov](mailto:eocreport@cdc.gov)

- ) Primary agency for oil (CDC/NCEH)
- ) Primary agency for hazardous substances (ATSDR)

Ask the CDC Watch Stander to connect you with the ATSDR or NCEH Duty Officer.

Although environmental health support can be provided remotely, the USCG FOSC has the option to request on site CDC and/or ATSDR presence. This request is formalized via a Pollution Removal Funding Authorization (PRFA). This option was most recently executed during the Bayport Channel Collision incident in Sector Houston-Galveston in May 2019. The primary CDC team role included inviting the local health authority, State Health Authority, review of environmental data, public messaging, and collaboration with the Poison Control Center.

## 4000 State Specific Notes

### 4100 Florida

The Florida Department of Health Services (FDHS) has a central office in Tallahassee, FL. During the initial emergency phase of a pollution incident, the FOSC or designated representative should notify the State Warning Point at 1-800-320-0519 / 850-644-4636. The State Warning Point will then notify all appropriate health services.

The Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FL DEP) is the states lead for air, water, and soil impacts. FL DEP Office of Emergency Response (FL DEP OER) would coordinate with various program sections within FL DEP. Florida Department of Health (FL DOH) has the state lead for indoor air quality monitoring and will look at the health standards as related to the response.

The Hazardous Assessment and Response Team (HART) is a FL DEP OER team typically deployed after a storm passes. HART looks at abandoned containers, sunken vessels, and conduct facility inspections. At times, members of the EPA and USCG inspection and assessment teams have been part of the HART. ESF 10 sends various missions to the HART. The Survey 123 app was used to collect information in the field.

Contact information: Contact the Florida State Warning Point 24/7 at 1-800-320-0519 / 850-815-4001

<https://www.naccho.org/membership/lhd-directory?searchType=standard&lhd-state=FL#card-filter>

Emergency Contact phone numbers for Florida Department of Environmental Protection:

<https://floridadep.gov/dleer/oer/content/emergency-contact-numbers>